

BUTTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 111 ARCO, IDAHO

Basic Financial Statements and Supplementary Information with Independent Auditors' Report

Year Ended June 30, 2016

giving direction to your future

Table of Contents June 30, 2016

Independent Auditors' Report	1-4
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5-12
Basic Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	14-15
Statement of Activities	16
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	17-18
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	20-21
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	22
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Agency Funds	23
Notes to Financial Statements	24-45
Required Supplementary Information	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	47
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Child Nutrition Fund	48
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Debt Service Fund	49
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Capital Project Fund	50
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Plant Facility Fund	51

Table of Contents (continued) June 30, 2016

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability	52
Schedule of Employer Contributions	53
Supplementary Information	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	55-57
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	58-60
Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Student Activities – Agency Funds	61
Activity in Taxes Receivable Accounts by Fund	62
Long Term Debt – Future Principal and Interest Requirements	63
Butte County High School Activity Fund – Statement of Cash Receipts, and Disbursements	64-65
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
Accordance with Covernment Auditing Standards	66-67



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Trustees Butte County School District No. 111 Arco, Idaho

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Butte County School District No. 111 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

IDAHO FALLS | REXBURG | DRIGGS | BOZEMAN | WEST YELLOWSTONE

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

Opinion Unit Type of Opinion

Governmental Activities
Qualified
General Fund
Unmodified
Child Nutrition Fund
Unmodified
Debt Service Fund
Unmodified
Capital Project Fund
Unmodified
Plant Facility Fund
Unmodified
Unmodified
Unmodified
Unmodified
Unmodified

Basis for Qualified Opinion on Government Activities

The District has not obtained an actuarial valuation of its other post employee benefits (OPEB). Employers that participate in single-employer or agent multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plans are required to measure and disclose an amount for annual OPEB costs on the accrual basis of accounting. The amount by which this departure would affect the governmental activities has not been determined.

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Governmental Activities" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Governmental Activities of Butte County School District No. 111 as of June 30, 2016, and the changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Butte County School District No. 111 as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 12, budgetary comparison information on pages 47 through 51, and pension information on pages 52 and 53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Butte County School District No. 111's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, and supplementary information, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 13, 2016, on our consideration of the Butte County School District No. 111's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Butte County School District No. 111's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Kingg & Jourbaral

Idaho Falls, Idaho September 13, 2016

As management of the Butte County School District No. 111, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative discussion, overview, and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2016.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2016 by \$3,458,901. Of this amount, \$1,071,090 of unrestricted net position may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- The District's net position increased by \$567,499 as a result of this year's operations.
- The District has a net pension liability of \$609,199 as of June 30, 2016 on the government-wide financial statements.
- The District issued general obligation project and refunding bonds of \$1,250,000 during the year. Of this amount, \$950,000 was used to advance refund the series 2005 general obligation refunding bonds and \$300,000 was issued to fund certain capital projects of the District.
- The District transferred \$300,000 from the debt service fund to the capital project fund to cover certain capital projects.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the assets, liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of the District, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* present information showing how the net position of the District changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 14-16 of this report.

Fund financial statements.

A *fund* is a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains sixteen individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the child nutrition fund, the debt service fund, the plant facility fund, and the capital project fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other eleven governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and all special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each major fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 17-18 and 20-21 of this report.

Fiduciary fund. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the governmental entity. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs The District uses an agency fund to account for resources held for student activities and groups. The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 23 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential for a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 24-45 of this report.

Other information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements. Combining fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 55-60 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, Net Position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$3,458,901 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

	Governmental Assets			
Net Position	2016	2015		
Current and Other Assets Capital Assets	\$ 2,426,612 3,018,299	\$ 1,938,989 2,977,954		
Total Assets	5,444,911	4,916,943		
Deferred Outflows of Resources	525,963	233,646		
Current Liabilities Long-term Liabilities	641,369 1,264,199	655,751 909,303		
Total Liabilities	1,905,568	1,565,054		
Deferred Inflows of Resources	606,405	694,133		
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	2,063,299	2,012,906		
Restricted Unrestricted	324,512 1,071,090	318,550 559,946		
Total Net Position	\$ 3,458,901	\$ 2,891,402		

A portion of the District's net position, \$2,063,299, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment), less any related debt (general obligation bonds payable) used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the District's net position, \$342,512 represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position*, \$1,071,090, may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to students, employees, and creditors.

	Governmental Activities			
Changes in Net Position		2016		2015
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$	50,561	\$	50,211
Operating grants and contributions		375,631		377,355
General revenues		,		,
Property tax		556,907		595,941
State support		2,992,869		2,797,497
Other		222,491		545,422
Total Revenues		4,198,459		4,366,426
Expenses				
Instructional		1,854,146		1,776,390
Pupil support		85,279		97,180
Staff support		15,355		12,955
General administration		378,318		314,863
School administration		215,763		215,223
Administrative technology		53,871		52,239
Operations		375,806		343,595
Transportation		212,840		240,769
Interest		45,745		43,219
Depreciation		246,731		227,077
Child nutrition services		147,106		152,818
Total Expenses		3,630,960		3,476,328
Change in Net Position	\$	567,499	\$	890,098

Financial Analysis of the District's FundsAs noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Management Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2016

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. The unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful indicator of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the year. The District has designated portions of the unassigned fund balance to earmark resources for certain government-wide liabilities and post employment obligations that are not recognized in the governmental funds. Unassigned balances in the general fund are required by state law to be appropriated in the following year's budget. Fund balances of capital projects and other governmental funds are restricted by state law to be spent for the purpose of the fund and are not available for spending at the District's discretion.

General fund. The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance was \$1,185,408. The fund balance increased by \$324,836 during the current fiscal year.

Expenditures for general District purposes totaled \$2,925,920, a decrease of 3% during the current fiscal year.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$262,357, all of which is restricted for future debt service payments.

The plant facility fund has a total fund balance of \$157,154, all of which is restricted for construction of facilities, purchase of equipment and related expenditures. The fund balance increased by \$29,760 during the current year.

The child nutrition fund had a fund balance of \$18,536 which is restricted for child nutrition services. The fund balance increased by \$6,387 during the current year.

The capital project fund had a balance of \$42,475, which is restricted for construction of facilities, purchase of equipment and related expenditures. The fund balance increased by \$46,989 during the current year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

During the current fiscal year, the \$330,773 positive budget to actual variance in total general fund revenues, and the \$271,869 positive budget to actual variance in total general fund expenditures, are largely a result of state program revenues and related expenditures that do not have a direct impact on the undesignated fund balance. Program revenues are budgeted to spend all available resources. Therefore, when the budget is prepared, it is assumed these funds will not have a carryover of revenue to a subsequent year. Program revenues received but not spent are restricted and deferred to the subsequent year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

The capital projects fund is used to account for the costs incurred in acquiring and improving sites, constructing and remodeling facilities, and procuring equipment necessary for providing educational programs for all students within the District.

Capital assets at June 30, 2016 are outlined below:

	Government	al A	ctivities
Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)	 2016		2015
Land	\$ 18,191	\$	18,191
Construction in progress	-		9,731
Buildings and improvements	5,763,509		5,529,337
Furniture and equipment	 2,110,065		2,047,430
	7,891,765		7,604,689
Accumulated depreciation	 (4,873,466)		(4,626,735)
Total Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	\$ 3,018,299	\$	2,977,954

Outstanding Debt

Outstanding debt at June 30, 2016 is outlined below:

	Governmen	tal Ac	tivities
Outstanding Debt	 2016		2015
General obligation bonds Daimler financial note	\$ 955,000	\$	920,000 26,297
	\$ 955,000	\$	946,297

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Butte County School District's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the District Office, Butte County School District, 250 South Water Street, Arco, Idaho 83213.



BUTTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 111 Statement of Net Position June 30, 2016

Assets	Go	vernmental Activities
Cash and Investments	\$	2,068,811
Receivables		
Property taxes		213,622
State of Idaho		76,855
Other		67,324
Capital Assets		
Land		18,191
Buildings and equipment, net of depreciation		3,000,108
Total Assets		5,444,911
Deferred Outflows of Resources		
Related to pension		525,963
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	5,970,874
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$	16,727
Salary contracts payable		320,127
Interest payable		4,515
Long-term liabilities:		
Portion due or payable within one year:		
Bonds, capital leases, and contracts		300,000
Portion due or payable after one year:		
Bonds, capital leases, and contracts		655,000
Net pension liability		609,199
Total Liabilities	\$	1,905,568

Deferred Inflows of Resources	Governmental Activities			
Pension liability - net difference between				
actual and expected experience		606,405		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		606,405		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	2,511,973		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	\$	2,063,299		
Restricted for:				
Debt service		298,852		
Plant facility		25,660		
Unrestricted		1,071,090		
Total Net Position	\$	3,458,901		

BUTTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 111 Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2016

				I	rogran	n Revenues	a	Revenue and Changes n Net Assets
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Grants and Services Contributions		Go	Total overnmental Activities	
Governmental Activities:								
Instructional	\$	1,854,146	\$	5,880	\$	270,433	\$	(1,577,833)
Pupil support		85,279		-		-		(85,279)
Staff support		15,355		-		-		(15,355)
General administration		378,318		-		-		(378,318)
School administration		215,763		-		-		(215,763)
Administrative technology		53,871		-		-		(53,871)
Operations		375,806		-		-		(375,806)
Transportation		212,840		-		-		(212,840)
Interest on								
long-term debt		45,745		-		-		(45,745)
Depreciation -								
unallocated*		246,731		-		-		(246,731)
Child nutrition services		147,106		44,681		105,198		2,773
Total Governmental								
Activities	\$	3,630,960	\$	50,561	\$	375,631		(3,204,768)
	Ger	neral Revenue	es:					
			Taxes:					
			Proper	ty taxes, levie	ed for			
			gene	ral purposes				169,622
			_	-		apital projects		63,217
			Proper	ty taxes, levie	ed for de	ebt service		324,068
				cal Support				184,809
			State Sup	pport				2,992,869
				cted Investme	nt Earn	ings		5,826
			Gain on	Pension				31,856
			Total	General Reve	enues			3,772,267
			Chan	ige in Net Pos	sition			567,499
	Net	Position - Be	eginning					2,891,402
	Net	Position - Er	nding				\$	3,458,901

^{*} This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in direct expenses of various programs.

BUTTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 111 Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

Assets	 General Fund		Child Nutrition Fund
Cash and Investments	\$ 1,334,105	\$	22,454
Due from Other Funds	34,166		-
Receivables			
Property taxes	63,706		-
State of Idaho	76,855		-
Other	 2,145		4,505
Total Assets	\$ 1,510,977	\$	26,959
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances			
Liabilities			
Due to other funds	\$ -	\$	-
Accounts payable	13,501		1,230
Salary contracts payable	293,027		7,193
Interest payable	 -		-
Total Liabilities	 306,528		8,423
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable revenues	 19,041		
Fund Balances			
Restricted	-		18,536
Committed	54,586		-
Assigned	-		-
Unassigned	 1,130,822	_	
Total Fund Balances	 1,185,408		18,536
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources			
and Fund Balances	\$ 1,510,977	\$	26,959

Debt Service Fund	 Capital Project Fund	Plant Facility Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total overnmental Funds
\$ 177,952	\$ 42,475	\$ 139,777	\$	352,048	\$	2,068,811
-	-	-		-		34,166
125,415	-	24,501		-		213,622
-	-	-		-		76,855
	 	 		60,674		67,324
\$ 303,367	\$ 42,475	\$ 164,278	\$	412,722	\$	2,460,778
\$ - - - 4,515	\$ - - - -	\$ - - - -	\$	34,166 1,996 19,907	\$	34,166 16,727 320,127 4,515
4,515	-			56,069		375,535
36,495	 <u>-</u>	7,124		<u>-</u>		62,660
262,357	42,475	157,154		275,255		755,777
- -	- -	- -		81,398		54,586 81,398 1,130,822
262,357	42,475	157,154		356,653		2,022,583
\$ 303,367	\$ 42,475	\$ 164,278	\$	412,722	\$	2,460,778

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different be	ecause:	
Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	2,022,583
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial		
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The		
cost of assets is \$7,891,765 and the accumulated		
depreciation is \$4,873,466.		3,018,299
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and		
payable in the current period and therefore are not reported		
in the funds.		(955,000)
Pension contributions are reported as expenses in the fund		
financial statements in the period in which they are paid.		
The actuarially determined pension liability and net deferred		
inflows and outflows associated with the liability are recorded		
on the government-wide statements.		(689,641)
Property tax revenue is recognized when earned rather than		
when available.		62,660
Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	3,458,901

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund
Revenues	-	
Local sources		
Property taxes	\$ 173,407	\$ -
Earnings on investments	5,714	-
Lunch sales	-	42,635
Other	170,026	2,046
State sources		
State apportionment	2,700,804	-
Other	227,392	-
Federal sources		
Educational programs and other		105,198
Total Revenues	3,277,343	149,879
Expenditures		
Current		
Instructional	1,641,706	-
Pupil support	51,153	-
Staff support	15,355	-
General administration	378,318	-
School administration	215,763	-
Administrative technology	53,871	=
Operations	336,220	-
Transportation	212,840	-
Non-instructional	-	147,106
Debt Service		
Principal	-	-
Interest	-	-
Capital outlay	20,694	-
Total Expenditures	2,925,920	147,106
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		
over Expenditures	351,423	2,773
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		
Other financing source - sale of bonds	-	-
Other financing use - bond issuance cost	-	-
Transfers in	-	3,614
Transfers out	(26,587)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	324,836	6,387
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	860,572	12,149
Fund Balance End of Year	\$ 1,185,408	\$ 18,536

 Debt Service Fund	Capital Project Fund	 Plant Facility Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 329,756	\$ - -	\$ 64,322 112	\$ - - -	\$ 567,485 5,826 42,635
4,280	9,681	822	5,880	192,735
- -	-	-	64,673	2,700,804 292,065
 		 	270,433	375,631
 334,036	9,681	 65,256	340,986	4,177,181
1,215,000 32,668 -	13,696 - - - 248,996	 19,014 - 19,014 - 26,297 1,828 11,330 58,469	212,440 34,126 - - - 6,876 - - - 6,056	1,854,146 85,279 15,355 378,318 215,763 53,871 375,806 212,840 147,106 1,241,297 34,496 287,076
(913,632)	(253,011)	6,787	81,488	(724,172)
1,250,000 (30,000) - (300,000)	300,000	 22,973	- - - -	1,250,000 (30,000) 326,587 (326,587)
6,368	46,989	29,760	81,488	495,828
 255,989	(4,514)	 127,394	275,165	1,526,755
\$ 262,357	\$ 42,475	\$ 157,154	\$ 356,653	\$ 2,022,583

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2016

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different	nt beca	use:
Net Change in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	495,828
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$3,500 are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlay in the		40.245
current period.		40,345
Property tax revenues received prior to the year for which they are levied are reported as unavailable revenue in the governmental funds. The change however is recorded as revenues in the statement of activities.		(10,578)
Governmental funds report repayment of bond principal as an expenditure in the fund financial statements. These payments are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. Interest is recognized as it accrues regardless of when it is due.		1,241,297
The governmental funds report sale of bonds as an other financing source while it is treated as an increase in the liability in the government-wide statements.		(1,250,000)
The governmental funds report current pension contributions as an expenditure. However, the amount recorded in the statement of activities represents the difference in the actuarially determined pension liability from the previous year to the current year.		31,856
The governmental funds report bond premiums as revenue while the government-wide statements show the premium as amortized over the term of the bonds.		18,751
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	567,499

BUTTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 111 Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Agency Funds June 30, 2016

Assets	 Agency Funds
Cash and Investments	\$ 68,315
Total Assets	\$ 68,315
Liabilities	
Due to Student Groups	\$ 68,315
Total Liabilities	\$ 68,315

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Butte County School District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to local government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

The Board of School Trustees, a five-member group, has responsibilities for all activities relating to public elementary and secondary school education within the jurisdiction of Butte County School District No. 111. The Board receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the concomitant requirements of these funding source entities. The Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, *Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards*, since Board members are elected by the public and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the responsibility to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters.

The District has a revenue spending policy that provides for programs with multiple revenue sources. The District will use restricted fund balances first followed in order by committed, assigned and finally unassigned. The District currently applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct *expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to students or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as is the fiduciary fund financial statement. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, early retirement, arbitrage rebates, and post employment healthcare benefits, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when the District receives cash.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *general fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- The *child nutrition fund* accounts for the revenues and expenses associated with the operation of the District's food services.
- The *debt service fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt principal and interest.
- The *plant facility fund* accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for the acquisition and improvement of sites, construction and remodel of facilities, and procurement of equipment necessary for providing educational programs for all students within the District.

June 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

• The *capital project fund* accounts for the accumulation of resources for and payments made for the construction of the high school track and other capital projects.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

• The *student activities agency fund (a fiduciary fund)* accounts for assets held on behalf student groups.

Budgetary Policy

The District prepares budgets for all the governmental fund types. Such budgets are adopted on a basis generally consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following is a reconciliation of revenues and expenditures as reported under generally accepted accounting standards and the amounts reported in comparison with budget reported on page 48:

	 Reported Amounts	Co	ommodities Received	-		
Food Service Fund Total revenues Total expenditures	\$ 149,879	\$	(11,430)	\$	138,449	
	\$ 147,106	\$	(11,430)	\$	135,676	

Under Idaho law, the District's budget establishes maximum legal authorization for expenditures during the fiscal year. Under certain unusual circumstances, the District is allowed to reopen and amend its budget. Expenditures are not to exceed the budgeted amounts, except as allowed by law for certain events. The District did not amend the budget during the year.

Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the District because it is not considered necessary at present to assure effective budgetary control or to facilitate effective cash planning and control.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Inventories

The governmental funds of the District use the purchase method, whereby inventory items are considered expenditures when purchased. They are not included in the balance sheet of the general fund because the amounts on hand at year-end are immaterial.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, and furniture and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$3,500 for furniture and equipment and \$100,000 for buildings and improvements and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extended assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized.

Buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated lives:

Buildings	
Buses	10 yrs
Furniture	
Equipment	5-20 yrs
Vehicles	5 yrs
Computer equipment	5 yrs

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The District has only one type of deferred outflows of resources. This amount relates to the District's allocable share of the effect of changes of assumptions during the year on the valuation of the net pension liability and the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on the pension plan investments. This amount is reported only in the government-wide financial statements.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The District has two types of items in this area. One item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet and represents unavailable revenues from property taxes and grant revenues received in advance. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The second type of deferred inflows of resources relates to the effect on the calculation of the net pension liability of the difference between projected and actual investment earnings on the defined benefit pension plan.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a restricted purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative plans for future use of financial resources that are subject to change.

2. Cash and Investments

The District is authorized under Idaho Code to invest in cash, certificates of deposit, U.S. Government securities, commercial paper, and repurchase agreements. All investments must be held by or registered in the name of the District.

Cash balances of most of the District funds are pooled and invested. Interest earned from investments purchased with pooled cash is allocated to each of the funds based on the fund's cash balance. The District maintains checking accounts with one of the local banks. All excess funds are invested with the State Treasurer's pooled cash investment account. This account invests in time certificates of deposit, local government tax anticipation notes, federal loans, U.S. treasury notes and other U.S. governmental securities. Information regarding insurance or collateralization of amounts invested in the pooled accounts is not available and the state investment pool is unrated.

The District's cash accounts are insured through the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (at banks) up to \$250,000 per depository.

- 1. Deposits At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$737,118 and the respective bank balances totaled \$758,881. \$318,500 of the bank balances were insured or collateralized with pooled securities held by the pledging financial institution in the name of the District.
- 2. Custodial Credit Risk, Deposits Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned. As of June 30, 2016, \$440,381 of the District's deposits were not covered by federal depository insurance, and thus were exposed to custodial credit risk.

2. Cash and Investments (continued)

3. Investments – As of June 30, 2016, the District had the following investments:

		Investment Maturities (in Years)						
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1		1-5	6-10	More Than 10		
State Investment Pool	\$ 1,400,008	\$ 1,400,008	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -		

- 4. Custodial Credit Risk, Investments For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment.
- 5. Interest Rate Risk As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from changes in interest rates, the District structures its portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations. Because the State Investment Pool as of June 30, 2016, had a weighted average maturity of 86 days, it was presented as an investment with a maturity of less than one year.
- 6. Credit Risk Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counter party to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. It is the District's policy to limit investments to the safest types of securities and to diversify the District's investment portfolio so that potential losses on securities will be minimized. The District follows Idaho statute that outlines qualifying investment options.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2016

2. Cash and Investments (continued)

Reconciliation of deposits categorization:

Cash and investments reported on the statement of net position Cash and investments reported on the statement of	\$ 2,068,811
fiduciary net assets	68,315
	\$ 2,137,126
Investments categorized Deposits categorized	\$ 1,400,008 737,118
	\$ 2,137,126

3. Property Taxes

Property taxes of the District are based on the assessments against property owners as of the first Monday in January of the calendar year in which the fiscal year commences. Tax levies on such assessed values are certified to the counties prior to the commencement of the fiscal year. Taxes are collected by Butte County and Custer County and are remitted to the District primarily in January of the fiscal year and the July following. Accordingly, the tax revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, are generally based on the assessed values and tax levies established in 2015.

The District defers recognition of revenues relating to property taxes assessed but not collected within 60 days of the fiscal year-end. Such amounts will be recognized as revenues in the fiscal year they become available.

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
	 Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Governmental Activities		_		
Capital Assets, Not				
Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 18,191	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,191
Construction in progress	 9,731		 (9,731)	
Total Capital Assets,				
Not Being				
Depreciated	\$ 27,922	\$ -	\$ (9,731)	\$ 18,191
Capital Assets,				
Being Depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	\$ 5,529,337	\$ 234,172	\$ -	\$ 5,763,509
Furniture and equipment	1,190,189	62,635	-	1,252,824
Transportation	 857,241	 	 	 857,241
Total Capital Assets,				
Being Depreciated	 7,576,767	296,807		7,873,574
Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings and improvements	(3,209,130)	(117,433)	-	(3,326,563)
Furniture and equipment	(726,422)	(94,529)	-	(820,951)
Transportation	 (691,183)	 (34,769)	 	 (725,952)
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation	 (4,626,735)	(246,731)	 	 (4,873,466)
Total Capital				
Assets, Being				
Depreciated, Net	\$ 2,950,032			\$ 3,000,108

5. General Obligation Bonds Payable

Bonds outstanding at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	Interest	Maturity	
	Rate	Dates	Amount
General Obligation Project			
and Refunding Bonds, 2015 Issue		2017	
(Original amount\$1,250,000)	1.85%	to 2020	\$ 955,000

The amount to be provided for bond requirements in the accompanying financial statements represents the charge to be made for property taxes in future years to meet maturing bond requirements.

The annual requirements to amortize the above bond issues are as follows:

Fiscal Year	 Principal	Interest	Total
2017	\$ 300,000	\$ 16,518	\$ 316,518
2018	300,000	10,891	310,891
2019	300,000	5,263	305,263
2020	 55,000	 520	55,520
	\$ 955,000	\$ 33,192	\$ 988,192

6. General Obligation Bond Refunding

On July 24, 2015, the District issued \$1,250,000 in general obligation project and refunding bonds with an interest rate of 1.85%. Of the proceeds, \$920,000 was used to advance refund outstanding series 2005 general obligation bonds and \$30,000 was used to pay bond issuance costs. The remaining \$300,000 will be used for the athletic track, related facilities and equipment, and other safety and security improvements.

7. Changes in Long-term Debt

The following is a summary of the District's long-term transactions for the year ended June 30, 2016:

	P	2015 G.O. roject and Refunding Bonds	2005 G.O. Refunding Bonds	 Net Pension Liability	Fina	2009 Daimler ancial Note	Total
Long-term Obligations June 30, 2015	\$	-	\$ 920,000	\$ 284,303	\$	26,297	\$ 1,230,600
Obligations Incurred		1,250,000	-	324,896		-	1,574,896
Obligations Paid		(295,000)	 (920,000)	 		(26,297)	(1,241,297)
Long-term Obligations June 30, 2016	\$	955,000	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 609,199	\$		\$ 1,564,199
Due within one year	\$	300,000	\$ _	\$ 	\$	-	\$ 300,000

8. Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District contributes to the Base Plan, which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies, and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

8. Pension Plan (continued)

Employee membership data related to the PERSI Base Plan, as of June 30, 2015, was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	42,657
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	11,859
Active plan members	67,008
	121,524

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointment officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law.

The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

8. Pension Plan (continued)

The contribution rates for employees are set by stature at 60% (72%) of the employer rate. As of June 30, 2016, the employee contribution rate was 6.79% (8.36%). The employer contribution rate is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% (11.66%) of covered compensation. The District's contributions required and paid were \$201,434, \$193,082, and \$203,007 for the years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of July 1, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At July 1, 2015, the District's proportion was 0.061 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$(31,856). At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		red Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual			
experience	\$	-	\$ 96,191
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		29,222	-
Net difference between projected and actual			
earnings on pension plan investments		295,307	421,370
Changes in the employer's proportion and			
differences between the employer's			
contributions and the employer's			
proportionate contributions		-	88,844
Employer contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date		201,434	
Total	\$	525,963	\$ 606,405

8. Pension Plan (continued)

\$201,434 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2014, the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2015, is 5.5 years.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Fiscal Year

2017	 \$	(98,464)
2018		(98,464)
2019		(98,464)
2020		43,588
2021		(22,000)
2022		(8,072)

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322. Idaho Code, is 25 years.

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2016

8. Pension Plan (continued)

The total pension liability in the July 1, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.25%
Salary increases 4.25 - 10.25%
Salary inflation 3.75%
Investment rate of return 7.10%, net of investment expenses
Cost-of-living adjustments 1%

Mortality rates were based on the RP - 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed in 2012 for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2011 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2014 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2015 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of July 1, 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

8. Pension Plan (continued)

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2014.

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return*		
Core Fixed Income	Barclays Aggregate	30.00%	0.80%		
Broad US Equities	Wilshire 5000/Russell 3000	55.00%	6.90%		
Developed Foreign Equities	MSCI EAFE	15.00%	7.55%		
Assumed Inflation - Mean Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation			3.25% 2.00%		
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return			8.42%		
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Rate of Return Assumed Investment Expenses					
Long-Term Expected Rate of Re	turn, Net of Investment Expense	es	7.10%		

^{*}Arithmetic return Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

8. Pension Plan (continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate.

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	Current							
	1% Decrease (6.10%)		1% Decrease Discount Rate			6 Increase		
				(7.10%)	(8.10%)			
Employer's proportionate share of		_						
the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,954,362	\$	802,403	\$	(155,298)		

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

9. Non-monetary Transactions

The District received commodities from the U.S. Government valued at \$11,430. The value was determined by confirmation with the State of Idaho Department of Education.

10. Fair Value Measurements

The District has implemented GASB No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. This guidance requires government entities to measure investments and certain other items at fair value. The objective is to enhance comparability of financial statements among governments by requiring measurement of certain assets and liabilities at fair value using a consistent and more detailed definition of fair value and accepted valuation techniques. This guidance clarifies that fair value is an exit price, representing the amount that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants. Under this guidance, fair value measurements are not adjusted for transaction costs. This guidance establishes a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

GASB No. 72 specifies a hierarchy of valuation techniques based upon whether the inputs to those valuation techniques reflect assumptions other market participants would use based upon market data obtained from independent sources (observable inputs). The following summarizes the fair value hierarchy:

Level 1 Inputs – Unadjusted quoted market prices for identical assets and liabilities in an active market.

Level 2 Inputs – Inputs other than the quoted process in active markets that are observable either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 Inputs – Inputs based on prices or valuation techniques that are both unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurements.

GASB No. 72 requires the use of observable market data, when available, in making fair value measurements. When inputs used to measure fair value fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the level within which the fair value measurement is categorized is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurements. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs.

June 30, 2016

10. Fair Value Measurements (continued)

Fair value assets measured on a recurring basis at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	Fair Value	Fa	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets/ Liabilities (Level 1)	sure.	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant nobservable Inputs (Level 3)	;
State investment pool	\$ 1,400,008	\$	1,400,008	\$		\$ -	_
Total	\$ 1,400,008	\$	1,400,008	\$		\$ -	

All investments have been valued using a market approach. There were no changes in the valuation techniques during the year. There are no assets or liabilities measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

11. Other Required Individual Fund Disclosures

The interfund balances at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	Interfund Receivables			Interfund Payables		
Major Funds General Fund	\$	34,166	\$	-		
Non-major Funds						
Title IA ESEA Basic Fund		-		3,169		
Title VIB IDEA School-Age Fund		-		11,775		
Title VIB IDEA Preschool Fund		-		3,091		
Perkins III Professional Technical Fund		-		5,118		
Title II-A Improving Fund	<u> </u>			11,013		
	\$	34,166	\$	34,166		

11. Other Required Individual Fund Disclosures (continued)

Balances are a result from the time lag between the dates that the reimbursable expenditures occur and payments between funds are made. All balances are expected to be eliminated during the next fiscal year.

The District expenditures exceeded the budgeted amounts in the following funds during the year ended June 30, 2016:

Fund	Amount Exceeded
Debt Service Fund	\$ 908,068

Deficits in Individual Funds

There are no funds with deficits at June 30, 2016.

12. Interfund Transfers

A summary of interfund transfers by fund is as follows:

	Tı	ansfer In	Transfer Out			
Major Funds						
General Fund	\$	-	\$	26,587		
Child Nutrition Fund		3,614		-		
Debt Service Fund		-		300,000		
Capital Project Fund		300,000		-		
Plant Facility Fund		22,973				
				_		
	\$	326,587	\$	326,587		

13. Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified depending on the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used as follows:

Nonspendable fund balance – amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (1) not in spendable form or (2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance – amounts constrained to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantor and contributors, or laws, or regulations of other governments, or through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance – amounts that can only be used for specific purposes, pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision making authority. In the case of the District it is by Board action.

Assigned fund balance – amounts that are constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance – amounts that represent fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund. In other governmental fund, it may be necessary to report a negative residual balance as unassigned.

13. Fund Balances (continued)

	General Fund		Special Revenue Funds		Debt Service Fund	Capital Project Fund	Plant Facility Fund		Total
Fund Balances:				_			 		
Restricted for:									
Child Nutrition	\$ -	\$	18,536	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$	18,536
Debt Service	-		-		262,357	-	-		262,357
Capital Project	-		-		-	42,475	-		42,475
Plant Facility	-		-		-	-	157,154		157,154
Federal Forest	-		208,475		-	-	-		208,475
Drivers Education	-		8,170		-	-	-		8,170
Vocational Education	-		13,599		-	-	-		13,599
School Technology	-		40,217		-	-	-		40,217
Substance Abuse	-		4,794		-	-	-		4,794
Committed for:									
Professional Development	10,000	1	-		-	-	-		10,000
Math and Science	44,586	i	-		-	-	-		44,586
Assigned to:									
Student Occupied Buildings	-		81,398		-	-	-		81,398
Unassigned:	1,130,822		-			-	 	_	1,130,822
Total									
Fund Balances	\$ 1,185,408	\$	375,189	\$	262,357	\$ 42,475	\$ 157,154	\$	2,022,583



BUTTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 111 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Original and Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues			
Local sources			
Property taxes	\$ 174,282	\$ 173,407	\$ (875)
Earnings on investments	1,500	5,714	4,214
Other	79,125	170,026	90,901
State sources			
State apportionment	2,415,591	2,700,804	285,213
Other	276,072	227,392	(48,680)
Total Revenues	2,946,570	3,277,343	330,773
Expenditures			
Current			
Instructional	1,747,186	1,641,706	105,480
Pupil support	50,025	51,153	(1,128)
Staff support	14,348	15,355	(1,007)
General administration	416,582	378,318	38,264
School administration	231,192	215,763	15,429
Administrative technology	54,303	53,871	432
Operations	384,829	336,220	48,609
Transportation	264,324	212,840	51,484
Capital outlay	-	20,694	(20,694)
Contingency	35,000		35,000
Total Expenditures	3,197,789	2,925,920	271,869
Excess of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	(251,219)	351,423	602,642
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Transfers in	65,000	-	(65,000)
Transfers (out)	(3,915)	(26,587)	(22,672)
Net Change in Fund Balances	(190,134)	324,836	514,970
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	190,134	860,572	670,438
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$ 1,185,408	\$ 1,185,408

See Independent Auditors' Report

BUTTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 111

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Child Nutrition Fund

	Oı	riginal and Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts		ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				,	
Local sources					
Lunch sales	\$	42,000	\$ 42,635	\$	635
Other		-	2,046		2,046
Federal sources					
Educational programs and other	-	91,000	93,768		2,768
Total Revenues		133,000	 138,449		5,449
Expenditures					
Current					
Non-instructional		140,915	135,676		5,239
Total Expenditures		140,915	135,676		5,239
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over Expenditures		(7,915)	2,773		10,688
-					
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers In		3,915	 3,614		(301)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(4,000)	6,387		10,387
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		4,000	12,149		8,149
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-	\$ 18,536	\$	18,536

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund

	Original and Fina Budge Amount:	l t Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues	1 1111 0 0 111		(i (oguvi (o)
Local sources			
Property taxes	\$ 332,600	329,756	\$ (2,844)
Other	7,000	4,280	(2,720)
Total Revenues	339,600	334,036	(5,564)
Expenditures			
Debt service			
Principal	295,000	, ,	(920,000)
Interest	44,600	32,668	11,932
Total Expenditures	339,600	1,247,668	(908,068)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues			
over Expenditures		- (913,632)	(913,632)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			
Other financing source - sale of bonds		- 1,250,000	1,250,000
Other financing use - bond issuance cost		- (30,000)	(30,000)
Transfers out		- (300,000)	(300,000)
Net Change in Fund Balances		- 6,368	6,368
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		- 255,989	255,989
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	\$ 262,357	\$ 262,357

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Capital Project Fund

	O .	nal and Final Budget mounts	Actual Amounts	ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				
Local sources				
Other	\$	13,000	\$ 9,681	\$ (3,319)
Total Revenues		13,000	9,681	 (3,319)
Expenditures				
Current				
Operations		-	13,696	(13,696)
Capital outlay		343,000	 248,996	 94,004
Total Expenditures		343,000	262,692	 80,308
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues over Expenditures	(330,000)	(253,011)	76,989
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Other financing source - sale of bonds		330,000	-	(330,000)
Transfers in		_	300,000	300,000
Net Change in Fund Balances		-	46,989	46,989
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			 (4,514)	 (4,514)
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$		\$ 42,475	\$ 42,475

BUTTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 111

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Plant Facility Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	Or	riginal and Final Budget Amounts	Actual Amounts	ariance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues				(13 g 13)
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$	65,000	\$ 64,322	\$ (678)
Earnings on investments		-	112	112
State sources		-	-	-
Other			 822	 822
Total Revenues		65,000	65,256	256
Expenditures				
Current				
Operations		28,576	19,014	9,562
Debt Service				
Principal		26,297	26,297	-
Interest		1,215	1,828	(613)
Capital outlay		25,412	11,330	14,082
Total Expenditures		81,500	 58,469	 23,031
Excess (Deficiency) of				
Revenues over Expenditures		(16,500)	6,787	23,287
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers in			22,973	22,973
Net Change in Fund Balances		(16,500)	29,760	46,260
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		16,500	127,394	110,894
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$	-	\$ 157,154	\$ 157,154

BUTTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 215 Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability PERSI Base Plan – Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2016	 2015
Employer's Portion of net the pension liability	0.061%	0.066%
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 904,207	\$ 487,310
Employer's covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,779,452	\$ 1,705,668
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a		
percentage of its covered-employee payroll	50.81%	28.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	91.38%	94.95%

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2015 (measurement date).

^{*}GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

BUTTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 215 Schedule of Employer Contributions

PERSI Base Plan – Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	 2016	 2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 199,317	\$ 215,139
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	201,434	193,082
Contribution (deficiency) excess	2,117	(22,057)
Employer's covered-employee payroll	1,779,452	1,705,668
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	11.32%	11.32%

^{*}GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2016.



BUTTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 111 Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2016

Assets	 Federal Forest Fund	Student Occupied Buildings Fund	Driver Education Fund	Vocational Education Fund
Cash and Investments	\$ 208,475	\$ 81,398	\$ 8,170	\$ 8,994
Receivables Other		 	 	 4,605
Total Assets	\$ 208,475	\$ 81,398	\$ 8,170	\$ 13,599
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Due to other funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Accounts payable	-	-	-	
Salary contracts payable	 	 	 	 -
Total Liabilities	 		 	
Fund Balances				
Restricted	208,475	-	8,170	13,599
Assigned	 	 81,398	 	 -
Total Fund Balances	 208,475	81,398	8,170	13,599
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 208,475	\$ 81,398	\$ 8,170	\$ 13,599

State Technology Fund	State Substance Abuse Fund	Title I-A ESEA Basic Fund	Title VI-B IDEA School Age Fund	Title VI-B IDEA Pre-School Fund
\$ 40,217	\$ 4,794	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-		 14,561	19,762	3,292
\$ 40,217	\$ 4,794	\$ 14,561	\$ 19,762	\$ 3,292
\$ -	\$ - -	\$ 3,169	\$ 11,775 31	\$ 3,091
 -	 	 11,392	 7,956	201
 	 	 14,561	 19,762	3,292
 40,217	4,794	 - -	 - -	-
 40,217	 4,794	 	 	
\$ 40,217	\$ 4,794	\$ 14,561	\$ 19,762	\$ 3,292

BUTTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 111 Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds (continued) June 30, 2016

Assets	_	Perkins III rofessional Technical Fund	 Title II-A ESEA Improving Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds		
Cash and Investments	\$	-	\$ -	\$	352,048	
Receivables Other		5,118	13,336		60,674	
Total Assets	\$	5,118	\$ 13,336	\$	412,722	
Liabilities and Fund Balances						
Liabilities						
Due to other funds	\$	5,118	\$ 11,013	\$	34,166	
Accounts payable		-	1,965		1,996	
Salary contracts payable			 358		19,907	
Total Liabilities		5,118	 13,336		56,069	
Fund Balances						
Restricted		_	_		275,255	
Assigned			 		81,398	
Total Fund Balances			 		356,653	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of						
Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	5,118	\$ 13,336	\$	412,722	

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

	Federal Forest Fund	Student Occupied Buildings Fund	Driver Education Fund		Vocational Education Fund
Revenues	 				
Local sources					
Other	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,800	\$	-
State sources					
Other	-	-	2,659		20,366
Federal sources					
Educational programs and other	73,101	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	-	
Total Revenues	 73,101	 <u>-</u>	 7,459		20,366
Expenditures					
Current					
Instructional	-	-	5,765		20,366
Pupil support	-	-	-		-
Operations	6,876	-	-		-
Capital outlay		<u>-</u>	 		
Total Expenditures	 6,876	 	 5,765		20,366
Excess of Revenues					
over Expenditures	 66,225		 1,694		
Net Change in Fund Balances	66,225	-	1,694		-
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	 142,250	81,398	6,476		13,599
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 208,475	\$ 81,398	\$ 8,170	\$	13,599

State Technology Fund	State Substance Abuse Fund	 Title I-A ESEA Basic Fund	Title VI-B IDEA School Age Fund	Title VI-B IDEA Pre-School Fund
\$ -	\$ 1,080	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
34,276	7,372	-	-	-
 	 	 81,341	 70,878	8,088
 34,276	8,452	81,341	 70,878	 8,088
18,100	5,003	81,341	41,755 29,123	8,088
 6,056	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	 <u>-</u>	
24,156	 5,003	 81,341	 70,878	8,088
10,120	3,449			 -
10,120	3,449	-	-	-
30,097	1,345	 		
\$ 40,217	\$ 4,794	\$ _	\$ -	\$ -

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds (continued)

	Perkins III Professional Technical Fund	Title II-A ESEA Improving Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Local sources			
Other	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,880
State sources			
Other	-	-	64,673
Federal sources			
Educational programs and other	5,118	31,907	270,433
Total Revenues	5,118	31,907	340,986
Expenditures			
Current			
Instructional	5,118	31,907	212,440
Pupil Support	-	-	34,126
Operations	-	-	6,876
Capital outlay			6,056
Total Expenditures	5,118	31,907	259,498
Excess of Revenues			
over Expenditures			81,488
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	81,488
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			275,165
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 356,653

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities – Student Activities Agency Funds Year Ended June 30, 2016

	June 30, 2015		Additions		Deductions		June 30, 2016	
Butte County High School Activity Fund								
Assets								
Cash	\$	57,773	\$	132,210	\$	132,682	\$	57,301
Liabilities								
Due to student groups	\$	57,773	\$	132,210	\$	132,682	\$	57,301
Arco Elementary								
Activity Fund								
Assets	Φ.	11.0	Φ.	11.010	Φ.	10.505	Φ.	10.472
Cash	\$	11,366	\$	11,843	\$	12,536	\$	10,673
Liabilities								
Due to student groups	\$	11,366	\$	11,843	\$	12,536	\$	10,673
Howe Elementary Activity Fund								
Assets								
Cash	\$	315	\$	300	\$	274	\$	341
Liabilities								
Due to student groups	\$	315	\$	300	\$	274	\$	341
Total - All School Activity Funds								
Assets								
Cash	\$	69,454	\$	144,353	\$	145,492	\$	68,315
Liabilities								
Due to student groups	\$	69,454	\$	144,353	\$	145,492	\$	68,315

BUTTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 111 Activity in Taxes Receivable Accounts by Fund Year Ended June 30, 2016

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Plant Facility Fund
Butte and Custer Counties			
Balance at June 30, 2015	\$ 75,098	\$ 140,005	\$ 27,362
Add - Taxes Assessed for 2015 (Net of Cancellations)	164,305	328,502	64,198
Less - Collections Received	(175,697)	(343,092)	(67,059)
Balance at June 30, 2016	\$ 63,706	\$ 125,415	\$ 24,501

BUTTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 111 Long Term Debt – Future Principal and Interest Requirements June 30, 2016

	Annual Payment						
	Interest	Fiscal		Principal		Interest	
	Rate	Year		Amount		Payment	
General Obligation		'					
Project & Refunding	1.850%	2017	\$	300,000	\$	16,518	
Bonds Series 2015	1.850%	2018		300,000		10,891	
	1.850%	2019		300,000		5,263	
	1.850%	2020		55,000		520	
			\$	955,000	\$	33,192	

BUTTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 111 Butte County High School Activity Fund Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements Year Ended June 30, 2016

Name of Organization	Balance June 30, 2015	Cash Receipts	Cash Disbursements	Balance June 30, 2016
Activity Cards	\$ -	\$ 4,305	\$ -	\$ 4,305
Athletics	14,685	20,783	20,265	15,203
Athletics Slushy Fund	· -	2,872	2,444	428
Bathroom Supplies	18	, -	, -	18
Booster Club	92	1,869	621	1,340
Boys Basketball	4,586	3,880	5,201	3,265
Career Center	71	, =	, -	71
Cheerleaders	2,970	5,140	7,094	1,016
Class of 2016	1,547	4,143	5,690	-
Class of 2017	634	1,784	1,252	1,166
Class of 2018	619	439	139	919
Class of 2019	50	408	5	453
Class of 2020	-	100	-	100
Class of 2021	_	25	-	25
Class of 2022	-	25	-	25
Class of 2023	-	25	-	25
Cross Country	517	510	997	30
Diversity Club	85	-	_	85
Family & Consumer Science	36	5	_	41
Football	3,625	2,710	5,996	339
Fundraisers	-	-	675	(675)
Girls Basketball	4,860	9,533	11,643	2,750
Student Council High School	2,502	5,493	5,726	2,269
IDLA	1,440	11,100	11,104	1,436
Internet	218	-	22	196
Jay Cummins Memorial	-	450	-	450
Laptop	-	4,650	310	4,340
Merit Test	-	60	60	-
MS Football	214	-	69	145
MS Girls Basketball	249	255	504	-
MS Student Council	559	-	-	559
Music	1,257	1,530	1,752	1,035
Pirate Log	2,093	315	2,408	-
Sales Tax	57	1,649	1,706	-
Scholarships	-	2,300	2,100	200
Scholastic	64	-	-	64
Science	81	-	-	81
Ski Club	955	-	-	955
Student Activities	577	944	728	793
Student Soda	303	476	625	154

See Independent Auditors' Report

BUTTE COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 111 Butte County High School Activity Fund Statement of Cash Receipts and Disbursements Year Ended June 30, 2016

Name of Organization	_	Balance June 30, 2015	 Cash Receipts	Disb	Cash ursements	 Balance June 30, 2016
Supplies		4,062	180		655	3,587
Teacher Soda		53	51		-	104
Testing Funds		153	60		60	153
Track & Field		-	393		21	372
Travel		1,720	20,329		21,222	827
Uniforms		2,766	1,000		1,443	2,323
Volleyball		2,735	12,666		12,350	3,051
Welding		1,320	2,331		2,322	1,329
Yearbook			 7,422		5,473	1,949
	\$	57,773	\$ 132,210	\$	132,682	\$ 57,301



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Trustees Butte County School District No. 111 Arco, Idaho

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Butte County School District No. 111 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Butte County School District No. 111's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 13, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Butte County School District No. 111's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Butte County School District No. 111's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Butte County School District No. 111's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did

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not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Butte County School District No. 111's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Gingg & Jourbaral

Idaho Falls, Idaho September 13, 2016